The Pyongyang Times

No. 27 (505) SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1974 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Gives On-the-Spot Guidance to South Hamgyong Province

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, guided on the spot the work of Party organizations and different domains of the national economy in South Hamgyong Province for 7 days between June 6 and 12.

During his on-the-spot guidance he inspected the Kwangpo Duck Plant, the Hungsang Youth Chicken Plant, the Hamhung Cornstarch Factory, the Pongdae Co-operative Farm in Chongpyong County, the Sinpo port and other factories, enterprises and cooperative farms in the province, and guided enlarged meetings of the Party committees of complexes and consultative meetings of functionaries in various domains of the national economy.

In each period and at each stage of the development of the revolution the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visited South Hamgyong Province, brightly lit the road to be followed by the province and looked after the life of the people with a warm kindred affection. During his recent on-the-spot guidance he again acquainted himself with the work of various domains in the province in a comprehensive and deep-going way and gave highly important teachings clarifying the militant task to carry out the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule and radically improve the people's living by forcefully waging the magnificent battle of grand socialist construction and ways to fulfil this task.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gives on-the-spot guidance to the Hamhung Cornstarch Factory

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung attended an enlarged meeting of the Party Committee of the Hungnam Fertilizer Complex. Reiterating that fertilizer is, so to speak, rice and rice is socialism, the leader put forward the task to increase the production of chemical fertilizers still more in order to attain the grain target of the Six-Year Plan ahead of the set time.

The leader stressed that the immediate task of the fertilizer factory was to normalize the production at a high level by making full use of the chemical fertilizer production capacity already created.

Even with the existing production equipment much more fertilizers can be produced than now, provided production conditions including supply of raw materials are ensured satisfactorily, the equipment management and technical management are done well and, especially, the might of the complex is fully displayed, the leader said. As is the case in all battles, he stressed, the matter depends upon people and reserves are to be found in their minds and therefore, the Party work, work with men, should be strengthened.

The leader put forward the task to produce more phosphorous fertilizer with the existing equipment and took concrete measures to ensure satisfactorily apatite, sulphuric acid and other raw materials.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung also guided an enlarged meeting of the Party Committee of the February 8 Vinalon Complex.

At the meeting the leader stressed that production should be kept on a high plane with the production capacity already created. What is important is to readjust and replenish the equipment regularly, constantly renovate techniques and raise the technical level and skill of producers and the quality of products.

The leader said that the equipment for the production of carbide should be reconstructed and expanded to fully supply carbide needed for the growing production of vinalon. He stressed that efforts should be directed to converting the carbide ovens into advanced and modern air-tight ovens for the purpose of liquidating the harmful labour and heat-affected labour in carbide production.

To normalize vinalon production is very important for the betterment of the people's living, the leader noted at the meeting. He said that a vigorous struggle should be waged with infinite loyalty to the Party to normalize production and the principle of unconditionality be implemented in carrying through the Party policy.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung also guided a consultative meeting of functionaries in the fields of the rural economy and local industry in the province.

At the consultative meeting the leader put forward the tasks to attain the grain target of the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule and produce and supply the working people with more meat, vegetables and chicken eggs and showed concrete ways to carry out successfully the tasks of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions set forth in "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country".

To increase grain production, crops should be distributed rationally in conformity with the geographical peculiarities of South Hamgyong Province, a coastal area, the leader said. He taught that in particular, in those districts where wind is strong and maize does not grow well, the cultivation of potatoes should be encouraged.

The leader instructed that while increasing grain production, the production of meat and chicken eggs should be rapidly augmented by properly utilizing the duck and chicken plants and other existing stockbreeding bases and cooking oil and vegetables be produced and supplied in larger quantities.

In order to keep effecting a new upswing in agricultural production, the leader stressed, farming should be done on a scientific basis in conformity with the conditions of today, the era of science and technology.

The leader who is deeply concerned to free our farmers emancipated from exploitation and oppression from arduous work once and for all laid particular emphasis on speeding up the rural technical revolution at the consultative meeting.

Expressing his satisfaction over the fact that engineering workers in the province manufactured efficient rice-transplanting machines which are conducive to alleviating the tough labour of the farmers to a considerable extent, the leader instructed that they should continue to build these machines in greater numbers.

Saying that more modern houses should be constructed in the rural communities and rural villages be built up in a more cultured way, the leader gave detailed instructions to carry out the task of the cultural revolution in the countryside, set forth in the theses on the rural question, at the earliest possible date.

At the consultative meeting the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward concrete tasks to develop further the local industry in the province.

Above all, production should be normalized at the newly built modern cornstarch factory and other foodstuff factories and their production capacities be turned to the fullest account, the leader said. He stressed that organizational measures should be taken for workers to operate the existing equipment at full capacity, working tenaciously with the attitude of a master and production be increased rapidly by raising the technical level and skill of producers.

The leader said that knitted goods, sweaters, tights, hosiery and footwear should be produced in greater quantities through effective operation of the existing factories and compartment spinning equipment be installed quickly to expand the variety of vinalon fibre goods.

The leader indicated concrete measures and ways to ensure more abundant supply of confectionery, meat, chicken eggs, fishes, vegetables and cooking oil and improve the processing of cereals with a view to making the lives of the people in the province more plentiful.

The leader also instructed that more houses should be built, more and better buses produced, facilities set up for sufficient supply of soft drinks and supply services including coal supply be improved to further promote the convenience of the working people.

After the consultative meetings of agricultural and local industrial workers in the province the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung guided a consultative meeting of workers in the domain of mining industry in the Tanchon area.

He gave them concrete tasks to fully meet the growing demand for non-ferrous metal ores.

Noting that the workers in the domain of mining industry should give definite priority to geological survey so as to secure more ore deposits, the leader laid stress on ensuring manpower, materials and equipment in this field.

In order to increase ore output, the leader said, the construction of vertical pits should be stepped up; large-size, modern and high-speed mining equipment be introduced and various means of carriage be introduced. To successfully push ahead with this work, he added, designing workers, manpower and equipment should be concentrated on this work.

The leader gave instructions on producing more efficient mining equipment with our own techniques, labour force and materials, introducing ITV network in the operations in pits and actively effecting the automation of extractive industry in accordance with the Party's policy.

He also set forth the tasks to speed up the building of an ore dressing shop and a smeltery and laid stress on fulfilling this year's ore production plan ahead of schedule without fail.

During his on-the-spot guidance to South Hamgyong Province, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung saw a new 125-ton self-discharging waggon manufactured in the June 4 Rolling-Stock Plant. Saying that it was wonderful and serviceable one, the leader taught that such heavy-duty waggons and tank-cars should be built in greater numbers and well-organized train diagram be worked out to raise the utility of heavy-duty waggons.

The hearts of the entire Party members and working people in this province who were honoured with his on-the-spot guidance are burning with the feelings of infinite respect and ardent loyalty to him. They are now turning out in sky-high spirits to unconditionally carry his on-the-spot teachings through to the end.

EDITORIAL

US Imperialists Must Discontinue Aggression and Intervention in Korea and Quit South Korea without Delay

Our people have just observed the "day of struggle against US imperialism" and inaugurated the "month of anti-US joint struggle for withdrawal of US imperialist aggressor army from south Korea."

On this occasion, aglow with burning enmity against the US imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, they have confirmed the determination to force the US imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea and reunify the country independently by peaceful means.

Besides, the peoples in socialist countries and third world countries and all other progressive people the world over have been waging energetic, joint struggle against the US imperialists' policy of aggression on our country and against their intervention in its internal affairs, for the withdrawal of their aggression troops from south Korea, expressing firm solidarity with our people in their righteous struggle for national reunification.

The US imperialists, who had harboured a wild ambition for aggression on Korea since 100 years ago, occupied south Korea after the termination of the Second World War. Then, they instigated the Syngman Rhee clique to ignite a war in Korea on June 25, twenty-four years ago, and launched a full-scale armed invasion against the northern half of our Republic in an attempt to achieve their aggressive ends against the whole of Korea by all means.

The aims they pursued in the war were to stifle our fledgling Republic in the cradle, reduce the whole of Korea to their colony and, at the same time, turn it into a base or bridgehead for their Asian aggression, stretch out their crooked hands of aggression to the Asian continent, stamp out the national liberation movement of the people in this part of the world and strengthen their rule over the countries which had already been brought under their domination.

In contrast, the struggle of the Korean people against the armed invasion by US imperialism and its stooges was a just struggle for national liberation, for the defence of their country's freedom and independence and was a bitter class struggle against the enemies of the people. And it was a fierce anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle against the allied forces of world reaction headed by US imperialism. It was a struggle to foil the US imperialist scheme for expanding the Korean war into another world war and safeguard the people's just cause for socialism and peace.

In a desperate attempt to achieve their brigandish, aggressive ambitions at a stretch, the US imperialists mobilized a huge armed force, over two million strong, on the Korean front, including the main part of their ground, naval and air forces and the troops of 15 satellite countries and the south Korean puppet troops. They sent vast quantities of combat equipment, and even resorted to such diabolical, barbarous ways and means of warfare as to be without precedent in the history of war.

Nothing, however, could help the US imperialist armed invaders in their efforts to subdue our people who had risen in the resistance war burning with bitter hatred and enmity to the aggressors.

Under the preeminent leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and a military strategist of genius, our people and People's Army fought displaying the unparalleled courage and mass heroism and thus won a great victory in the life-and-death struggle — the three-year-long Fatherland Liberation War against the allied forces of world reaction headed by US imperialism. Through this, they successfully defended the gains of the revolution and the freedom and happiness of the people and safeguarded the honour of their country and nation.

Our people's historic victory in the Fatherland Liberation War was a resplendent victory of the immortal Juche idea of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and of his Juche-motivated thought on the military strategy. It was an invaluable fruition of his distinguished leadership.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung armed the whole Party, the entire army and all the people firmly with the monolithic ideology of our Party, the great Juche idea, and with the revolutionary spirit of fighting against imperialism and US imperialism and rallied them closely. He advanced the correct lines and superb, military strategic and tactical policies in each period and in each stage of the war and dexterously organized and enlisted the entire people and People's Army in the struggle to carry them into effect. And he overcame the numerical and technical superiority of the enemy with political and ideological, strategic and tactical superiority. By doing all these, he firmly ensured the victory in the war.

The shining triumph in the Fatherland Liberation War demonstrated to the whole world that a people under the guidance of a great leader are invincible. It also made evident that no force can ever conquer a people who take their destiny into their own hands and rise in the struggle for freedom and independence of their country. Further, it proved that the decisive factor for victory in war lies not in the superiority of weapons or techniques but in the inexhaustible strength of the masses deeply convinced of the justness of their cause and firmly united around their leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"In the Korean war, the US imperialists suffered an ignominious military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States; this meant the beginning of a downward path for US imperialism."

By winning a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, the Korean people staunchly defended the eastern outpost of socialism, contributed greatly to safeguarding world peace and security, humbled the US imperialists, started them on the downgrade and opened a new era of epochal turn in the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle.

Since cessation of the war, our Party and the Government of our Republic under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung have bent every possible, serious effort to convert the cease-fire into a durable peace and attain national reunification, while accelerating the revolution and construction in the northern half of the Republic.

Meanwhile, the peace-loving people the world over and the unbiased public opinion have given unanimous support to the policy of our Party and the Government of our Republic for the independent, peaceful reunification—the policy of solving the question of the country's reunification by the efforts of the Korean people themselves without interference of any outside forces after the withdrawal of US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea— and to the sincere efforts we have been making to implement that policy.

The US imperialists, however, did not quit south Korea but stayed on there even after the war. They have hampered our country's reunification and intensified their aggression and war manoeuvres ever since.

They concluded the aggressive "ROK-US Mutual Defence Pact" with the south Korean puppets before the ink of their signature on the Korean Armistice Agreement was dried, with a view to "legalizing" the prolonged presence of their aggressive armed forces in south Korea. Furthermore, they transferred the "UN command", a stronghold for aggression, to south Korea on the one hand and, on the other, gave military "aid" and combat equipment to the puppets so as to increase the numerical strength of the puppet army and step up its "modernization."

What is more, the US imperialists have established an "airborne system" for military personnel and war supplies that links the US proper, Japan and south Korea, egged the puppets on to frequently commit military provocations in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line and sent high-altitude spy planes to intrude into the territorial air of our side and conduct reconnaissance activity.

This proves that the aggressive ambitions of US imperialism against our country now remain unchanged as ever.

Upset by the rapid crumbling of their system of colonial rule in Asia particularly in recent years and driven by a desire to check it, the US imperialists have been frantically trying to keep their hold on south Korea for ever as their important stronghold.

In order to achieve their aggressive ends they have been resorting to the double-edged tactics in their manoeuvres to freeze the split of Korea and, at the same time, make Koreans fight among themselves by instigating the bellicose elements in south Korea, ever since the dialogue between the north and the south of Korea started following the announcement of the North-South Joint Statement.

The so-called "two-Korea" plot of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique is a product of the US imperialists' policy of aggression as mentioned above.

What the US imperialists are driving at is to keep their hold on south Korea as their colony for ever by instigating the Pak Jung Hi clique to put up the slogan for "two Koreas" and is to achieve their aggressive designs against Korea by making Koreans fight Koreans in accordance with the demand of the "Nixon doctrine."

The US imperialists have been active in inveigling the Japanese militarists into following their policy for aggression on Korea.

The Japanese militarists revived under the wings of US imperialism have now become a dangerous force of aggression because they have been making an inroad upon south Korea, guided by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, with a rapacious plan to realize their old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" with the US backing.

(Continued on Page 3)

Pyongyang City Report Meeting Marks First Anniversary of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Historic Speech "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country"

A grand Pyongyang city report meeting was held at the People's Palace of Culture on the evening of June 22 to mark the first anniversary of the historic speech "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" delivered by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on June 23 last year.

A portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was hung in place of honour on the platform of the meeting hall against the background of the national flag of the Republic.

Present at the meeting together with working people in the city were Comrades So Chol and Chong Jun Gi and leading personages of political parties and social organizations and functionaries concerned.

Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council, made a report at the meeting.

Recalling that the historic June 23 speech of the leader was delivered at a grave juncture when the distinction between the line of reunification and that of division was marked most sharply in our country and our nation was in a new danger of being perpetually partitioned owing to the splittist manoeuvres of the US and Japanese aggressors and their lackeys, he said:

In this famous speech the leader put forward a great five-point proposition of reunification— to remove military confrontation and ease tension between the north and south, to materialize many-sided collaboration and interchange between the north and the south, to convene a Great National Congress composed of representatives of people of all walks of life and political parties and social organizations in the north and the south, to institute a north-south Cofederation under the single name of the Confederal Republic of Koryo and to enter the UN under the single name of the Confederal Republic of Koryo.

The new five-point national reunification proposition advanced by the great leader is an active measure to bridge over the difficulties that arose in reunifying the country, prevent the perpetuation of its division and promote the cause of its reunification; it is a great save-the-nation programme which assumes an epochal significance in the struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification.

The reporter stressed that the five-point proposition is a fair and square proposal which fully accords with the three principles of national reunification agreed upon by both sides, the north and the south, an embodiment of the great Juche idea that one is responsible for one's own destiny and one has also the capacity for hewing out one's own destiny and a programme for independent and peaceful reunification which fully coincides with the trend of the present time when hundreds of millions of people of the world advance along the path of independence.

The reporter noted that the five-point national reunification proposition evoked wide repercussions and sympathy among the entire Korean people and the world peace-loving people and emphasized that the adoption with unanimous approval of a resolution on achieving Korea's independent, peaceful reunification on the basis of the five-point proposition at the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States held in Algeria last year and the results of the debate on the Korean question at the 28th Session of the UN General Assembly graphically proved the great vitality of this proposition.

One's approach towards the five-point proposition of national reunification is the touchstone by which to test whether or not he wants reunification and whether or not he respects the three principles of national reunification which the north and the south pledged to fulfil before the nation, the reporter laid bare in the raw the treacherous country-selling acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are trying to perpetuate the division of the country, categorically refusing the five-point proposition.

Instead of striving to eliminate military confrontation and ease tension between the north and the south, the Pak Jung Hi minions are speeding up war preparations while reinforcing the armed forces, expanding armaments and begging for the permanent stationing of the US imperialist aggressor troops in south Korea.

The ulterior motive of the Pak Jung Hi clique is manifested more strikingly in the "non-aggression pact" they brought forth. This is nothing but a smokescreen for evading our proposal for peace agreement and cannot be interpreted otherwise than an attempt to maintain the status quo fraught with the danger of war. They opposed many-sided collaboration and interchange between the north and the south in all fields, political, military, diplomatic, economic and cultural, and persistently pursued the line of "confrontation" and "competition", frenziedly trying "to build up strength". The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique monopolized a discourse on the reunification question in south Korea as if it were their exclusive property, doggedly opposed the holding of political negotiations and harshly suppressed the political parties, organizations and individual personages of south Korea that called for contacts with us for the reunification of the country. They opposed the institution of the north-south Confederation under a single national title, palavering that the Confederation is "unrealistic and infeasible" between the north and the south. In spite of the proposal that the north and the south work together in the field of external activity, they committed such splittist acts as openly declaring the "two Koreas" plot to be their "policy" and placing the proposal for the "simultaneous entry of north and south Korea into the UN" on the agenda of the UN.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi made public on June 22 a "statement" in which he pronounced a "vow" to stick to the "two Koreas" policy that had been openly declared in the so-called "special statement" one year ago.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist clique are making an unprecedented vicious "anti-communist" racket in an attempt to justify their all treacherous, splittist manoeuvrings by "anti-communism".

Exposing the criminal acts of the Pak Jung Hi clique, the reporter branded them as vicious splittists going against the whole nation's aspiration for the peaceful reunification, foul traitors selling out the interests of the country and the people and as diabolical bellicose elements disturbing the peace of the country.

Pointing out that all the treacherous manoeuvres stepped up by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique under the slogan of "anti-communism" have originated from the aggressive policy and "two Koreas" plot of the US and Japanese imperialists and are zealously backed by them, the reporter vehemently condemned their splittist acts.

Stressing that the only way to hasten the cause of the country's reunification lies in realizing the five-point proposition of national reunification put forward by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the reporter quoted the leader as saying:

"When this proposal for the country's reunification is put into effect, there will be a great turning point in accomplishing the historic cause of peaceful national reunification on the principle of the north-south joint statement, as commonly desired by our people and the world's people."

And he affirmed our active support to the just patriotic struggle of the south Korean people.

The occupation of south Korea by US imperialism is the main obstacle to the national reunification, the reporter declared, and insisted:

The US imperialists must give up at once their policy of aggression against our country and "two Koreas" plot, withdraw forthwith from south Korea taking along all the lethal weapons, and accept without delay the proposal of the Government of our Republic for the conclusion of a peace agreement aimed at creating prerequisites to peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification.

The UN must take disgusting "UN forces" helmets off the US imperialist aggression troops in south Korea and adopt steps for their withdrawal.

The Japanese militarists must stop their reinvasion of south Korea, give up their hostile policy against the DPRK and cease from obstructing the cause of our national reunification.

The south Korean authorities must renounce the anachronistic way of thinking—the tendency of trying to maintain their existence by relying on outside forces—discontinue their treacheries to the country and the nation and the fascist repression of the people, stop seeking the permanent national split, accept our five-point proposition of national reunification and approach the dialogue with honesty on the principles of the North-South Joint Statement.

The reporter warned the US and Japanese aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique that if they persist in their aggressive manoeuvres and treacheries and keep following the road of national split, going against the trend of the times, they will sternly be judged by history and the nation and suffer a shameful destruction. He called upon all to firmly unite around the leader and fight more vigorously for the reunification of the country.

The report meeting ended with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung".

Li Jip

"Great National Programme Indicating the Absolutely Correct Way of Accelerating Korea's Reunification"

World People's Reaction to Five-Point Proposition of National Reunification Set Forth by the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

On June 23 last year the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made the historic speech "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country". Ever since it has evoked a powerful response among many people of the world and even today it enjoys their warm support, welcome and sympathy.

In his speech made on June 24 last year, Comrade Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, stressed:

"In his important speech delivered yesterday, President Kim Il Sung of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put forward a new line and a five-point proposition for the country's independent, peaceful reunification reflecting the ardent desire of the Korean people for national reunification.

The DPRK Government's new proposal will truly be helpful to achieving Korea's independent, peaceful reunification and further easing tension in the Korean peninsula. The Chinese government and people warmly welcome this new proposal and firmly support it."

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, said that the "five-point proposition proceeds from a very justifiable, reasonable, patriotic, logical and peaceful stand." He emphasized that the "five-point proposition will give ardour and hope to the south Korean people who are looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of liberation rising high above the horizon, the one and only national hero and father."

In his telegram to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Romanian Socialist Republic, pointed out:

"The constructive proposal you advanced on June 23 prevents the split of Korea, brings about a closer relationship between the north and the south and contributes to national reunification. And it is a new, clear proof of the principled stand invariably maintained by the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the DPRK to realize the lawful desire of the entire Korean people—to reunify the country independently and peacefully without interference from outside forces and through their own struggle and live in a reunified country.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung!

I warmly welcome your new proposal for satisfying the Korean people's desire for reunification and stress that the Romanian people express firm solidarity with and full support to the just cause of the Korean people."

President Marien Ngouabi of the People's Republic of the Congo said:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung's new five-point proposition of national reunification is a very important and just line. It is a just and reasonable line aimed at preventing the split of Korea and reunifying the country.

To institute the Confederation under the single name of the Confederal Republic of Koryo is most proper and reasonable. It is a realistic line acceptable to anyone in the north and the south.

The People's Republic of the Congo will fully support this line at the UN and other international conferences and make all possible efforts for its realization."

Chairman Makoto Ichikawa of the General Council of Japanese Trade Unions said:

"On June 23 the people of the world came to know clearly and concretely once again who is making sincere efforts for the realization of the historic cause of national reunification and who is really opposing reunification and trying to fix the split while talking about reunification.

Acting on the principles that the 'two-Korea' plot and other manoeuvrings for fixing the split of Korea should be opposed and peaceful reunification realized by the Korean people themselves, President Kim Il Sung advanced a new five-point proposition and opened a bright prospect for reunification.

The reunification programme is most realistic. It is a perfectly correct line of reunification acceptable to anyone who desires reunification."

The Finnish paper **Taiban Uutiset** wrote that "this programme is the great national programme indicating the absolutely correct way of accelerating Korea's reunification, the supreme national aspiration of the Korean people and the urgent demand of the times, under the present situation" and that "it is an epochal save-the-nation measure to smash the 'two-Korea' plot openly hatched by the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets, firmly preserve the ties of the homogeneous nation and achieve the country's peaceful reunification by relying on the internal forces of the nation."

In his statement US public figure James F. Prest emphasized:

The five-point proposition of national reunification reflects the unanimous will of the entire Korean people aspiring to reunification. It is a realistic line fully conforming to the desire of the peace-loving people of the whole world who wish to see the relaxation of tension in Korea and the achievement of Korea's peaceful reunification by the Korean people themselves.

The US authorities must stop at once their aggression against Korea and interference in her domestic affairs and immediately withdraw their aggressor troops from south Korea.

The south Korean authorities must discontinue at once their traitorous act of dividing the country relying on the outside forces and unconditionally accept the five-point proposition of national reunification."

In his statement supporting the five-point proposition of national reunification, a Peruvian public figure said that "to accept this proposition or not is a touchstone testing who truly wants Korea's reunification and who opposes it." He stressed:

"The south Korean authorities must accept without delay the new proposal for national reunification advanced by the DPRK Government."

The President of the Liyallpur Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association remarked that "the world's people will support only the DPRK led by the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung. The south Korean 'regime' is like a withered flower and it will soon ruin. Korea will surely be reunified under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung."

TELEGRAMS

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade **Y. Tsedenbal**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter upon his election to the post of President of the Presidium of the Grand People's Hural of the Mongolian People's Republic.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK, sent a message of greetings to **Jean Vincent** on his election as Chairman of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Switzerland.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Kristjan Eldjarn**, President of the Republic of Iceland, on the national holiday of the Republic of Iceland.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, received a message from Comrade **Josip Broz Tito** in reply to his message of greetings sent on the latter's reelection as Chairman of the Yugoslav League of Communists.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from **Juan Domingo Peron**, President of Argentina, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the national day of Argentina.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from **El Hadj Ahmadou Ahidjo**, President of the United Republic of Cameroon, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the national day of the Cameroon people.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from **Daniel Oduber**, President of the Republic of Costa Rica, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter upon his assumption of office as President of the Republic of Costa Rica.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from **Habib Bourguiba**, President of the Republic of Tunisia, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the national day of Tunisia.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Yasser Arafat** upon his reelection as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

✦The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Salem Rubaya Ali**, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, on the fifth anniversary of the inauguration of the new administration, the auspicious holiday of the people of Democratic Yemen.

A Battle Adding Great Contribution to the Strengthening of Anti-Japanese Revolutionary Forces

On the 40th Anniversary of the Victorious Lotzukou Battle

Forty years have passed since the victorious Lotzukou battle organized and commanded by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung during the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The battle was fought in June 1934. It was a large-scale battle of attack on a walled city. It was of great significance in defending, expanding and strengthening the guerilla bases and further consolidating the anti-imperialist common front.

At that time the anti-Japanese revolutionary forces grew and gained strength as days went by under the wise guidance of the leader. Scared by this, the Japanese imperialists viciously manoeuvred to stamp out the revolutionary forces.

The Japanese imperialists suffered ignominious defeat in their large-scale "winter punitive operation" conducted at the close of 1933 and at the beginning of 1934. The enemy, however, consistently carried on the "siege operations" against the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and the guerilla bases and, on this basis, attempted to conduct the "final mopping-up operation" against them.

On top of it, they tried in every way to destroy the anti-Japanese common front.

Basing himself upon the deep analysis of the situation then prevailing, the leader planned to attack the rear base of the enemies to foil their scheme.

For this he first organized the battle of attack on Lotzukou, the enemy's strategic military base at the time.

The assault upon Lotzukou aimed to overcome difficulties created in the guerilla bases in those days, shift some guerilla bases to a favourable area and frustrate the enemy's attempt to launch "final punitive campaign" against the guerilla bases.

The Lotzukou area was encompassed on all sides by high and steep mountains. In view of the topographical conditions and the composition of the population, this area was suitable for the establishment of guerilla base.

This mountainous area was favourable to forming the anti-imperialist common front with the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units, because they were stationed there.

In order to prevent the KPRA's revolutionary influence from being exerted on this area, the Japanese imperialists concentrated their most vicious "punitive" forces on Lotzukou and built batteries around it, thereby converting it into a military stronghold for the "punitive operation" against the guerilla bases.

To attack Lotzukou, the leader formed a big force 1,300 strong by mobilizing the KPRA units active in Wangching and Hunchun counties as the main force and enlisting the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units.

Under his supreme command, the battle started on June 26.

According to his operation plan, a detachment assaulted Shihtouhotzu village in the vicinity of Lotzukou, before the combat unit made an attack on Lotzukou. Then the combined unit decoyed the enemy's reinforcements from Lotzukou into the Santaohotzu field and attacked them in front and from behind and advanced to Lotzukou following the retreating enemy troops.

With the Hsishan battery, police station and barracks as the main target of assault, the combined unit encircled Lotzukou from three sides and made a vigorous attack on the enemy. The enemy offered stiff resistance, relying on the Hsishan battery and other strong defence structures and madly firing mortars. The fierce battle continued for three days.

Some commanders of the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units insisted on retreat and there were signs of vacillation within these units.

Having grasped the prevailing situation, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, said: **"Comrades, let's capture the battery, whatever the cost! Let's fight to the last drop of our blood for the revolution!"** And he organized and commanded the battle to seize the Hsishan battery, standing in the van of the storming party.

The KPRA men who were willing to go through fire and water to carry out the order of the leader rushed at the Hsishan battery like a shot.

Hails of bullets and shells and planes of the enemy could not stave off the advance of the KPRA men. In less than 30 minutes after the start of the charge the Hsishan battery was seized and a red flag planted on it.

The occupation of the Hsishan battery decided the issue of the battle and guaranteed the victory of the Lotzukou battle.

Inspired by the capture of the Hsishan battery, the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units also switched over to the charge and advanced on, mowing down enemy troops.

Under the superb command of the leader, our army won a brilliant victory, killing, wounding and capturing hundreds of enemy troops and completely liberating Lotzukou.

It was thanks to the superb strategy and tactics and wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung that victory could be won in the Lotzukou battle.

The victorious battle rendered it possible to annihilate the enemy at Lotzukou and control this area militarily. It also made it possible to expand the guerilla bases to this area and consolidate them and strengthen the armed ranks politically and militarily.

The victorious battle demonstrated again the justness of the line of anti-imperialist common front advanced by the leader and further expanded and consolidated the already-formed common front with the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units, thus making a great contribution to strengthening the anti-Japanese forces.

Through the Lotzukou battle, men of the Chinese nationalist anti-Japanese units had a chance to see again the preeminent commanding art and strategy and tactics of the leader and his lofty virtues and the invincible power of the KPRA led by him. And they came to have a firm conviction that they could defeat Japanese imperialism and surely win a victory, if they fought in concert with the KPRA men.

The Lotzukou battle was a historic battle that went a long way toward the development of the world revolution as well.

Marking the significant 40th anniversary of the victorious Lotzukou battle, our people are now filled with an adamant resolve to fight on more staunchly against the US-led imperialist aggressive forces in unity with the world revolutionary people, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist common front unfurled by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Kim Ik Gwon

Historic Chialun Meeting; Juche-based Line for the Korean Revolution Advanced

Forty-four years have passed since the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward a Juche-motivated line for the Korean revolution at a meeting of the leading members of the Young Communist League and the Anti-Imperialist Youth League he called at Chialun in June 1930.

The meeting was historic one that marked a radical turn in developing the Korean revolution under the banner of Juche.

At the meeting the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung laid down the Juche-based line for the Korean revolution.

This meant that our people entered a new era of great changes in their anti-Japanese national liberation struggle and communist movement, and our revolution started forging ahead dynamically toward victory.

Our people had fought long against Japanese imperialism and for national liberation, but had sustained repeated setbacks because they had lacked the guidance of an outstanding revolutionary leader, correct lines and strategy and tactics in their struggle.

The Korean people found themselves at the cross roads; they were to take one way or the other—whether they would be reduced to slaves of Japanese imperialism for good or would fight it to restore the lost country and deliver the Korean revolution.

At this critical juncture Comrade Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, national hero and outstanding thinker and theoretician, who had set out on the road of the revolution in his early years with the destiny of the country and the people on his shoulders, originated the immortal Juche idea and, on the basis of this idea, advanced the unique revolutionary line.

At the meeting he, basing himself on the Juche idea, gave a clear explanation of the nature and fighting tasks of the Korean revolution and advanced the revolutionary, Juche-motivated lines for the Korean revolution—the lines of anti-imperialist, anti-feudal, democratic revolution, waging the anti-Japanese armed struggle, building the anti-Japanese national united front and of founding a Korean Communist Party.

His superb line of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution served as a beacon illuminating the road ahead for the Korean people, road to the fatherland restoration. Thus he showed for the first time in history the law-governed process of the development of the revolution by teaching how the people in colonies and semi-colonial countries were to move on toward a socialist and communist society by passing what stages of the revolution.

At the meeting the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced the line of waging the anti-Japanese armed struggle. He spoke in words to this effect:

Our immediate aim is to crush the Japanese imperialist aggressors and attain the liberation and independence of Korea. But the Japanese imperialists, the target of our struggle, are like burglars armed to the teeth. They will not withdraw of their own accord. Who, then, should recover Korea's independence? It is absolutely impossible to achieve it by depending on foreign aid.

The only way for us Koreans is to fight and defeat the Japanese imperialists by our own strength. To do this, we must wage armed struggle.

The Juche-oriented line of anti-Japanese armed struggle laid down by the leader was a revolutionary line which made it possible to raise the Korean communist movement and anti-Japanese national liberation struggle to their highest stage and bring about a radical turn in this movement and struggle. It was an enterprising, revolutionary line that beaconed the absolutely correct way of routing Japanese imperialism in reliance on the strength of the Korean people themselves and liberating the country.

At the meeting the leader also put forward the line of building an anti-Japanese national united front and detailed the need to do so, the position held and role played by it in the national liberation struggle and the principles to be followed in the building of the united front. Moreover, he showed a perfectly correct way of building up the revolutionary forces on which depended the victory of the revolutionary struggle. By doing this, he indicated a new, creative way for reinforcing the internal revolutionary forces.

At the meeting the leader advanced a unique line of founding a Korean Communist Party on the basis of thoroughgoing, organizational and ideological preparations and taught how to make these preparations in close combination with the work of forcefully developing the Korean revolution as a whole with the anti-Japanese armed struggle as an axis.

At the historic Chialun meeting, the leader expounded the revolutionary lines and policies—the embodiment of the immortal Juche idea—which were truly independent and creative. The result was that our people were equipped with powerful weapons, ideological, theoretical and practical, which enabled them to vigorously step up on their own the great revolutionary cause for national liberation, class emancipation and liberation of mankind.

These lines and policies served as an ideological and theoretical basis on which the working class and the revolutionary parties in colonies were to rely unfailingly in shaping the revolutionary lines and working out the strategy and tactics.

The correctness and invincible vitality of the Juche-motivated revolutionary lines and policies found clear expression throughout the course of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The leader elucidated the strategic and tactical lines and specific ways for carrying into effect the Juche-based revolutionary lines in each period and at every stage of the revolutionary development and wisely organized and mobilized the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and the patriotic people. From this came destruction of the brigandish Japanese imperialists and the realization of the historic cause of national liberation. In this course he established the glorious revolutionary traditions.

The preeminent strategical lines the leader had made clear at the Chialun meeting, his brilliant exploits performed in the struggle for their implementation and the priceless experience served as historical roots and as an invaluable asset in founding our Party and the state and building up the armed forces after liberation.

The historic Chialun meeting was of really great importance in the Korean revolution and the world revolution. Observing with deep emotion the meeting, our people are determined to devote all their energies and talents to the struggle for huge socialist construction, whose hearts burn with loyalty to and reverence for the leader who had restored the lost country for them and has led them along the right pathway to victory and glory.

There is no doubt that our people will be crowned with victory and glory as ever because they are advancing on under the revolutionary banner of Juche idea uplifted by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation and a legendary hero.

Kwak Chun Man

Korean People Will Certainly Drive Out the US Imperialist Aggressors from South Korea and Achieve the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Country by the Concerted Efforts of the Whole Nation

Mass Rally and Demonstration of Pyongyang Citizens Held on the Occasion of the "Day of Struggle against US Imperialism"

Pyongyang mass rally held on the "day of struggle against US imperialism"

On June 24 a mass rally and grandiose demonstration was held in Pyongyang on the occasion of the "day of struggle against US imperialism".

Put in due respect in the meeting place which was packed with more than 200,000 people was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, peerless patriort, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the prominent leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

Put up on both sides of the portrait were the slogans reading "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!".

The platform was mounted by Comrade Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade Choe Hyon, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Comrade So Chol, Comrade Kim Yong Ju, Comrade Li Yong Mu, Comrade Yang Hyong Sop, Comrade Han Ik Su, Comrade Hyon Mu Gwang, Comrade Choe Jae U, Comrade Ho Dam, Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Comrade O Tae Bong, Comrade Kang Song San, Comrade Pak Su Dong, Comrade Hong Song Nam and Comrade Rim Chun Chu and cadres of the Party and power organs and social organizations and generals of the Korean People's Army.

Also mounting the platform were the heads of the art troupe of Koreans in Japan, delegations of Koreans in Japan and home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan.

Seen on the reviewing stands were diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang and foreign guests staying in our country.

An opening address of Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang City Administrative Committee, was followed by solemn playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung".

At the rally Comrade Li Yong Mu, Colonel General of the Korean People's Army, made a speech first.

The speaker pointed out that on June 25, 1950 the US imperialists ignited a gangster-like aggressive war against our people on the basis of their preparations made for a long time and under the premeditated aggressive plan and rushed huge armed forces and up-to-date combat and technical equipments to the Korean front in an effort to stifle our Republic in its cradle and said that they desperately attacked us, resorting to barbarous means and methods of war unprecedented in human history, but suffered an ignominious defeat under our annihilating blow.

He referred to the fact that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, legendary hero and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, wisely led our people and People's Army to the victory in the war. And he mentioned the significance of the historic victory won by our people and went on to say:

Instead of drawing due lessons from their shameful defeat, the US imperialists have persisted in their manoeuvrings for provocation of a new war in wanton violation of the Armistice Agreement and continuously keyed up the tension in Korea, obstinately hampering the peaceful reunification of our country.

The speaker said that though nearly 30 years have elapsed since the liberation of our people from the yoke of Japanese imperialist colonial rule and 20-odd years have passed since the conclusion of the Armistice Agreement, the national reunification has not yet been achieved entirely because of the US imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their aggressive policy. He noted that they are staging war exercises almost every day, not giving up their attempt to invade our country, and are clinging more stubbornly to the "two Koreas" plot.

He pointed out that when the North-South Joint Statement based on independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity was published and when the great leader advanced the five-point proposition of national reunification, the US imperialists deported themselves craftily, dead set against them and they have not made any response to the proposal for peace agreement put forward by the Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly but acted more overbearingly.

Underscoring that the US imperialists have thrown grave obstacles in the way of our national reunification by zealously drawing into south Korea the revived Japanese militarists for carrying on their splittist manoeuvres and executing their war policy, the speaker remarked:

Under the active patronage of US imperialism, the Japanese militarists are stepping up their reinvasion of south Korea in real earnest.

The Japanese militarists, the sworn enemy of our people, have already dipped their crooked hands of reinvasion deep into all fields of south Korea, political, economic, cultural and military, again wearing their blood-stained dagger of aggression in their bosom.

Furthermore, they unhesitatingly conduct such naked aggression and interference as checking up on the armament and combat readiness of the south Korean puppet army and inspecting the areas along the Military Demarcation Line.

At the instigation of the US and Japanese aggressors, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique not only refuse to accept our just proposal for national reunification but bring to a deadlock the dialogue started for the first time between the north and the south, and, at the same time, they are strengthening the military fascist dictatorship in south Korea as never before and are noisily raising the "anti-communist" clamours more than ever before, he exposed, and said:

Under the pretext of "anti-communism", the Pak Jung Hi military fascist clique are hastening preparations for a new aggressive war and steadily rendering the situation strained and are indulging in the splitting manoeuvres obstructive to the peaceful national reunification, selling the country and the nation to outside forces.

This shows how desperately the Pak Jung Hi fascist gangsters are trying to pull themselves out of the awkward position in which they are totally isolated and rebuffed within and without and to what extent their "anti-communist" hysteria has reached.

Saying that our people and People's Army soldiers are closely watching the reckless manoeuvrings of aggression and war provocation of the US and Japanese aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique with a surging indignation and hatred against them and are fully prepared to actively counter the enemy's provocation at any time, he continued:

In the name of the entire Korean people and officers and men of the People's Army, I once again solemnly warn the US imperialists, the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique that they must look squarely at the realities and not run riot.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic will make every possible effort as ever for smashing all attempts to perpetuate the division of our nation and hastening the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland."

The US imperialists must desist from inciting the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to fascism and split, stop aggression and intervention against our country and accept without delay our reasonable proposal for the conclusion of a peace agreement.

If they persistently turn down our just proposal, the US imperialists will more vividly reveal before the world people that they are precisely the most shameless aggressors who trample upon the sovereignty of our people and obstruct Korea's reunification and are the heinous enemy of peace.

The US imperialists have no reason and excuse whatsoever to stay on in south Korea and must get out of there, taking all their aggressive forces and lethal weapons with them.

The Japanese militarists, too, must relinquish their ambition of aggression on south Korea and take their crooked hands of reinvasion off it and must not back and justify the criminal manoeuvrings of the Pak Jung Hi fascist gangsters any longer.

The Pak Jung Hi clique must immediately discontinue the fascist repression and "anti-communist" clamours, stop the suppression of the patriotic student youth and people at once and renounce the criminal schemes to deliberately aggravate the north-south relations and create "two Koreas".

If they take our people's patient efforts for a durable peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification as an expression of weakness, they are greatly mistaken, the speaker added, and stressed:

We desire peace and do not want war. But we will never tolerate the imperialists in case they pounce upon us by force of arms.

Our people are a heroic people who achieved shining victories in the two revolutionary wars against Japanese and US imperialisms under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, and are a revolutionary people who are ready to fight unyieldingly to the end for their righteous cause with all devotion.

If the US imperialists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi puppet clique dare to unleash another war against the Korean people in defiance of our repeated warnings and the unanimous condemnation by the peace-loving people throughout the world, our people and People's Army will rise up resolutely and wipe out the aggressors to the last man.

Expressing gratitude to the peoples of the socialist countries and the third world countries and all other progressive peoples for their active support and encouragement to our people's struggle for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, he said:

Our people who are advancing, in unity with the people of the third world, the great revolutionary force of our times, will steadfastly support the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America in their struggle for complete national independence and sovereignty, fight to the bitter end against imperialists and colonialists hand in hand with them and surely win the final victory.

The floor was taken by Chairman Ryom Tae Jun of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions, Chairman Kim I Hun of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People, Chairman Li Yong Bok of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth, Secretary General Kim Duk Ran of the Central Committee of the Women's Union and Comrade Chong Jun Yong, head of the delegation of Koreans in Japan.

The speeches were interrupted time and again by the shouts of the indignant masses: "Down with the US imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy of the Korean people!" "Let's drive out the US imperialists from south Korea and reunify the country!" "Let's check and frustrate the reinvasion by the Japanese militarists!" and "Let's foil the 'two Koreas' plot of the US and Japanese aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and realize the five-point proposition for the country's reunification!"

The meeting adopted an appeal to the south Korean people amidst the thunderous applause of the attendants.

After the meeting a magnificent demonstration began to the loud strains of the music "One Korea".

That day the meeting and demonstration showed to the full the invincible strength of our people who are firmly united and rallied around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. And the meeting and demonstration clearly showed the adamant fighting determination of our people to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country with the concerted efforts of the nation, upholding the three principles and the five-point proposition put forward by the leader for the country's independent, peaceful reunification and the revolutionary will and militant spirit of our people who are determined to fight with firmness to wipe the US-led imperialists off the surface of the globe once and for all and achieve the victory of the cause of socialism and communism in firm unity with the peoples of the socialist countries and the third world and other revolutionary peoples of the world, holding aloft the banner of anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle.

On the occasion of the "day of struggle against US imperialism", meetings and demonstrations were also held in all provinces.

Pak Hae Chon

Demonstrators march shouting the slogan: "Full support and encouragement to the south Korean people's struggle against US imperialism and its stooges, Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!"

INNOVATIVE SUCCESS: LARGE STERN-TRAWLER BUILT

"Changgwang-san", 3,750-ton stern-trawler, launched from the Chongjin Shipyard

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"If we are to catch large quantities of fish, it is absolutely necessary to make large fishing boats."

Keeping in mind this important instruction of the leader, the workers and technicians of the Chongjin Shipyard, one of the firm shipbuilding centres in our country, boldly conducted a campaign with a spirit of enterprise to build greater numbers of modern large ships in a shorter period of time. They have recently launched a 3,750-ton stern-trawler "Changgwang-san" built in a little more than one month. It is a miraculous success.

The "Changgwang-san" is well designed and modernly equipped so that she can be used for pelagic, deep-sea and inshore fishing.

A grand ceremony was held on the spot on June 23 to launch the ship.

The workers of the shipyard had built many large vessels with their own efforts and technique. This time they carried on a vigorous "speed-up campaign", just like they had done before, in order to build the trawler better and quicker and live up to the political trust of the leader and the Party centre with greater success in their work.

They introduced new, advanced work method in shipbuilding. And they directed particular attention to increasing the speed and simultaneously improving the quality in their work by conducting a massive, blitz campaign as required in a "speed-up campaign".

Moreover, they boldly applied a comprehensive assembling method that had been even unthinkable in the past, and kept up the blitz campaign, energetically pushing ahead with various kinds of assembling work at one go.

Without resting on their laurels in the least and in accordance with the revolutionary line of "speed-up campaign" initiated by the Party centre, the shipbuilding workers are now striving to make greater achievement with a plan to build 10,000-ton vessels and 3,750-ton stern-trawlers within this year.

Han Su Chon

(Continued from Page 1)

They have invested a colossal amount of monopoly capital in south Korea and put the key branches of its economy at their disposal. They are now openly building up a foothold for aggression and, moreover, are even clamouring undisguisedly about the need to launch a "forestalling attack" on our country, declaring it a "zone of operation."

This has further complicated the situation in our country and laid another grave obstacle in the way of the country's reunification.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, a gang of traitors and the double stooges of US and Japanese aggressors, have been committing without compunction the treacherous acts of selling the country and people, toeing their two masters' policies of aggression.

They are trying to find a way out in reliance on the outside forces; they are imploring the US imperialist aggressor troops over and over again for prolonged presence in south Korea in wanton violation of the agreement specified in the North-South Joint Statement that the question of reunification be settled in accordance with the principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity. At the same time, they are working for closer tie-up with the Japanese militarists in political, economic and military fields. All these result in turning south Korea into a dual colony of the US and Japanese aggressors. Nor is this all. They have declared the "state of emergency", "emergency martial law" and "emergency measures" in succession, reduced south Korea to a society ridden by military terrorism, stepped up the bloody suppression against south Korean people and become even more frenzied in their clamour for another war.

The root cause of the unheard-of, present-day misery of the south Korean people and prolonged tension in Korea lies in the occupation of south Korea by US imperialism, its intensified policy of aggression and its intervention in Korea's domestic affairs.

The US imperialists still keep their aggressor troops in south Korea, provide the Pak Jung Hi clique with arms and egg them on to commit the treacherous acts. This enables them to repress the people. The US imperialists supply the puppets with war materials and combat equipment. This is why the latter can persist in hampering the reunification and venturing to the reckless military provocations against our side while raving about the need for the "confrontation" with us.

The north-south dialogue aiming at implementing the agreed points of the North-South Joint Statement has been deadlocked, and a series of our concrete and realistic proposals for promoting the dialogue have not yet been put into practice. The US imperialists are to blame for this because they support the Pak Jung Hi clique and egg them on to stick to the obstructionist manoeuvres.

The US imperialists turn away from the proposal we tabled for conclusion of a peace agreement between our country and the US in order to create prerequisites for removing tension in Korea and facilitating its independent, peaceful reunification.

This testifies that they harbour as ever an intention to invade Korea and reveals by itself that "peace" advertised by them is phony.

As all these facts show, the US imperialists are not interested at all in peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification but are engrossed solely in their manoeuvrings to freeze Korea's division and keep their hold on south Korea as their colony and military base.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists and their policy of aggression are the root cause of all the miseries of our nation and the main obstacle to the reunification of our country, and constitute a constant source of war in Korea."

The termination of the US imperialists' intervention in the internal affairs of Korea and of their military occupation of south Korea represents a prerequisite to the removal of tension in Korea and realization of its independent, peaceful reunification.

The US imperialists have no right to meddle in the domestic affairs of Korea nor have their aggressor troops any excuse or ground to stay on in south Korea.

The US imperialists must stop inducing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to maintain military fascist terrorism and repress the people for long-term office, must stop supplying south Korea with military materials and arms and egging the Pak Jung Hi clique on to adventurous military provocations and must stop manoeuvring to create "two Koreas" and freeze the Korea's split. The US imperialists must quit south Korea at once, taking along all their lethal weapons.

The patriotic youth and students and people of other strata in south Korea have waged various forms of righteous, save-the-nation struggle to restore the national sovereignty, democratize the society and realize the country's reunification, opposing and rejecting the aggressive manoeuvres of the US imperialists and Japanese militarists and the treacherous acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. And their struggle is kept in a sustained, in-depth development today. As seen from the results of the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States held in Algiers last year, the 28th session of UN General Assembly and a series of other international conferences held recently and from unbiased public opinion, the voices of all peoples are becoming louder from day to day demanding that the US imperialists discontinue their interference in the internal affairs of Korea and quit south Korea and that the problem of Korea's reunification be left to the Korean people themselves for solution.

The entire Korean people are condemning with bitter hatred US imperialism, the aggressor, and the whole world is denouncing its policy of aggression and war.

With no amount of desperate efforts the US imperialists and their stooges can ever break the strong will of our people to fight for the country's reunification or can they ever check the vigorous struggle for its realization.

The people in north and south Korea will never fail to pool their strength, smash all sorts of criminal acts of the US and Japanese aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and win the national cause for the country's reunification.

To check and frustrate the US imperialists' policy of aggression and war is a common task of struggle of the peoples in the socialist countries and the third world and the progressive peoples the world over. The struggle of our people for national reunification is closely linked with the righteous cause for the removal of tension in Korea and preservation and consolidation of peace in Asia and other parts of the world.

We express our firm conviction that during the month of anti-US joint struggle the progressive peoples of the world and all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces will redouble their efforts to intensify the international joint struggle so as to bring the US imperialists' interference in our internal affairs to an end and force them to withdraw their aggressor troops from south Korea and that they will extend greater support and firmer solidarity to our righteous struggle for the reunification of the country.

If the US imperialists do not pull out of south Korea but unleash another reckless war against our people, they will be defeated in the face of more terrible blow than that they sustained in the Korean War.

The US imperialists, give up the policy of aggression and war against our country and get out of south Korea at once!

Invincible is our people who are vigorously advancing toward the goal for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country under the wise guidance of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Peace Can Be Achieved Only Through Struggle

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said in his historic speech "Let Us Achieve National Reunification and World Peace Through Struggle" made on October 28 last year:

"Peace must be won only through a resolute struggle against the imperialists."

This teaching of the leader clearly shows all the communists and revolutionary peoples of the world what attitude they should take towards imperialism at present and how they should fight to achieve peace.

All the events now taking place in the international arena graphically prove that the imperialists will never bestow peace upon the people and that peace can be achieved only through a determined struggle against imperialism.

Trick to Hoodwink People

Taking advantage of the trend of the times to peace and peaceful cooperation, which is daily rising in the international arena, the imperialists headed by the US imperialists profess themselves that they are interested in "peace" and "negotiation" and that they are doing something conducive to peace.

However, this is purely and simply a trick to hoodwink the people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The aggressive nature of imperialism will never change.

"The more difficult their position becomes, the more stubbornly the imperialists are clinging to double-dealing tactics—holding an olive branch in one hand and brandishing a bayonet in the other, and the more cunningly they are perpetrating acts of aggression, intervention and subversion under the signboard of 'peace' in every nook and corner of the world."

As the fiendish nature of a wolf cannot change, so the aggressive nature of imperialism cannot change.

As they find themselves in a more difficult position and get deeper into hot water, the imperialists become more desperate.

The slogan of "peace" put up by the US imperialists is a product of their crisis caused by the frustration of their policy of aggression and war and constitutes the main content of their two-faced tactics.

The US imperialists started skidding along a downhill path after their defeat in the Korean war of aggression. Later on, they sustained military and political reverses in the aggressive wars they ignited in different parts of the world. They have been driven into a tighter corner owing to these repeated setbacks and to the chronic stagnation of the economy, the intensification of the anti-war struggle and anti-government movement among the broad sections of the people at home, the conflicts and contradictions among the reactionary ruling circles and so forth. In particular, for the criminal atrocities they have committed, the US imperialists—the common enemy of the world's people—incur bitter hatred and denunciation from the people and are being isolated from and rebuffed by them as days go by in every part of the world.

Extremely upset and panic-stricken by this, the US imperialists find it unavoidable to reexamine their global policy and strike the tune of "peace" ostensibly.

Now the imperialists headed by the US imperialists claim that they stand for "peace". But this does not imply at all that there would be any radical "change" in their policy.

The reason why the US imperialists have put forward the spurious slogan of "peace" is that they try to veil their aggressive nature laid bare in the eyes of the world's people, placate the latter's ever-mounting anti-US sentiments and shun the spearhead of attack concentrated on themselves by getting people to harbour an illusion about imperialism, making them become indolent and lax and by splitting and disintegrating the anti-imperialist front. Another reason is that they seek to gain time and recover their spirits so as to further step up their policy of aggression and war.

As reality shows, the US imperialists, talking noisily about "peace", are now intensifying their ideological offensive more than ever before. On the other hand, they are carrying on their vicious manoeuvres of aggression and subversion against progressive countries of the world, incessantly increasing their aggressive armed forces.

Openly prattling that the United States should take the first place, not the second, in the world in the strength of military force, the Nixon clique increased the military expenditure for the fiscal year 1975 to the mark of 87,700 million dollars, an all-time high since 1945.

In particular, the US imperialists are manoeuvring to ignite a new aggressive war in Korea by pushing forward the preparations for aggression and war in south Korea. They let the south Korean reactionaries sign the North-South Joint Statement with unwillingness and behind the scene they incite them to "confrontation" and "prevailing over communism" and zealously back up the modernization and reinforcement of the south Korean puppet army. The US imperialists stage a large-scale joint military exercise with the south Korean puppet army, even with the Japanese militarists involved in it. In this exercise they conduct military operations in a simulated attack on the northern half of the Republic. They also commit all sorts of provocative acts in the area along the Military Demarcation Line. In consequence, the situation in our country still remains tense and a grave obstacle lies in the way of our people's cause of national reunification.

All these facts graphically show to what extent the US imperialists have gone in their wicked manoeuvre to achieve their ambition of world domination by a reactionary "peace strategy", an ambition which they failed to fulfil through their unscrupulous "policy of strength" in the past.

Aggression and plunder is an unchangeable nature of imperialism and the "peace strategy" of US imperialism is the other side of its war strategy.

Road to Genuine Peace

With a sharp penetration into the aggressive nature of imperialism and the deception of its harp on "peace", the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung indicated the clear-cut way for achieving genuine peace.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"One should not be fooled by the false peace prattled by the imperialists but always keep a high degree of vigilance against their acts of aggression and war, and bring pressure to bear upon them, thereby compelling them to come out to the road of peace."

As the leader taught, the people should not harbour any illusion about the imperialists and pin any hope on them but should wage a resolute struggle against them.

One should not evade the struggle against imperialism and take to capitulationism for the reason of preserving peace and should not try to obtain security through unprincipled compromise with imperialism.

If the people are bewitched by the hypocritical motto of "peace" of the imperialists and give up the struggle against them, the imperialists will get more arrogant and insolent and their policy of aggression and war will become more undisguised. Evidently this will only result in making people their playthings and letting them fall victims to their aggression and war.

Peace secured by slavish submission is not peace.

The peace-loving people of the world should not succumb and make a concession to the imperialists but put strong pressure on them and take a resolute stand against them, thereby making it inevitable for them to follow the road of peace. They should always sharpen vigilance against the policy of aggression and war pursued by the imperialists behind the scene of "peace" and forestall and shatter their plot.

Only by maintaining such principled stand and attitude and waging a stubborn struggle against the imperialists, a genuine peace can be achieved in keeping with the aspiration of the people.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that in order to achieve a genuine peace, the problem of each country must under all circumstances be solved in conformity with the will and interests of its people.

The struggle of the people of each country against imperialist aggression and intervention is a sacred struggle for defending their national dignity and independence and a link of the struggle for world peace.

Therefore, the communists and revolutionaries must not sacrifice the interests of the people or turn away from the people's just cause of struggle against imperialist aggression for mere reason that peace should be preserved.

All the peace-loving people, not to speak of the communists, must at all times take a principled stand and attitude toward the imperialists and powerfully support and encourage the righteous struggle of the people against imperialist aggression. Only then, the problem of each country can be settled most properly and contributions be made to world peace.

Today the imperialists headed by the US imperialists fear most the united strength of all the anti-imperialist forces including the third world countries.

The newly-independent states in the three continents and all the peace-loving countries of the world should unite and wage a more vigorous struggle against imperialism. Then the imperialists' policy of aggression and war will be frustrated at every step and it will be unavoidable for them to follow the road of peace.

Our people are firmly resolved to achieve the peaceful reunification of the country only through a determined struggle against imperialism, upholding the teaching of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The people who have risen in a just cause are bound to win victory.

Only victory and glory are in store for the world peace-loving people who are up in the struggle against the US-led imperialists and for the genuine peace of the world.

Kim Dong Ok

Sternly Denounce South Korean Side's Foul Plot to Bring the Third Party into North-South Red Cross Talks

DPRK Red Cross Society Issues Statement

Recently the south Korean Red Cross Society had a meeting concerning the so-called "problem of dispersed families" held in a foreign country, slandered our side for totally absurd reasons and hatched a detestable plot to invite the International Committee of the Red Cross to intervene in the north-south Red Cross talks which is now under way between the two parties. In this connection the CC of the DPRK Red Cross Society issued a denunciation statement on June 26. It reads in full:

The south Korean Red Cross Society recently had a meeting concerning what they call "problem of dispersed families" held in a foreign country, slandered us for preposterous reasons and hatched a nasty plot to bring the International Committee of the Red Cross to intervene in the north-south Red Cross talks which is now under way between the two parties.

Such an action taken by the south Korean side constitutes the undisguised challenge to our side, a counterpart at the talks, and to all the fellow countrymen who have been looking forward to the earliest elimination of the misery and distress caused by the national split, and it is a link in the whole chain of the inhuman plots they have framed long since to make the north-south Red Cross talks a failure.

The south Korean side who had deadlocked the Red Cross talks remained indifferent to our side's serious efforts for its earliest normalization. And now they went so far as to find a place even in a foreign country and steep themselves in a foul intrigue and slander against our side. The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea resolutely denounces the south Korean side for such acts, regarding them as a grave perfidy to the work of the north-south Red Cross talks and as an act of furthering the north-south confrontation and antagonism and national split.

The matter of mitigating the distress caused by national division to the fellow countrymen living separated in the north and the south, represents far beyond doubt one of the internal affairs of our nation, and it should be settled between the Red Cross societies in the north and the south.

All the more so because it was recently agreed between both parties at the sincere proposal of our side that a working-level meeting be held on forthcoming July 10, led by deputy heads of the delegations to the Red Cross talks, to discuss the question of the resumption of the full-dress talks and its agenda.

At such a moment the south Korean side plotted to bring the third party into the Red Cross talks in wanton contravention of the spirit of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement which specifies the principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity, the principles agreed upon by the north and the south. This shows that the south Korean side do not want further progress of the talks nor have they any intention to settle the matter of alleviating the fellow countrymen's distress by sitting around a table with us. We cannot interprete it otherwise than a straightforward rejection of the north-south Red Cross talks.

The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea solemnly warns that if the south Korean side continue with such acts, they will never be able to escape the unanimous, bitter curses and denunciation on the part of the countrymen living separated in the north and the south and of the entire Korean people and will have to be entirely responsible for the consequences of the inhumane crimes they have committed against the nation.

As for the question of proposed ICRC's intervention in the north-south Red Cross talks, we consider that the matter of easing the distress of the fellow countrymen living separated in the north and the south should be settled independently by our nation's efforts and, accordingly, no third party should be allowed to meddle in this matter.

The DPRK Red Cross Society will continue to make every possible effort, as it has done so far, for successful progress of the north-south Red Cross talks and for the earliest mitigation of the sufferings of the countrymen dispersed in the north and the south.

Ever-growing Friendship and Cooperation

On the First Anniversary of the Establishment of Diplomatic Relations between Korea and Malaysia

June 30 this year marks the first anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Korea and Malaysia. The establishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries was an epochal event in the development of the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two peoples. It was another great blow to the US imperialists and their lackeys who had resorted to a cunning trick to blockade our country diplomatically.

As is generally known, the US imperialists and their puppets have viciously tried to impair the ever-growing dignity and prestige of our country. On the other hand, the US imperialists frantically pushed forward new war preparations in Korea, instigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. They devised a stratagem against our country, putting up their notorious "anti-communist" organizations such as the "ASPAC" and the "Asia Parliamentarian Union". Besides, they tried in every way to destroy the unanimous desire of many countries and peoples in Asia who want to recognize our country and establish friendly relations with us.

But the Asian countries aspiring to independence resolutely rejected the crafty manoeuvres of US imperialism. Malaysia is one of them. Last year the Malaysian government took resolute measures of withdrawing from the "ASPAC" and "APU". And on June 30 the same year, it established diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level with our country.

This constitutes the Malaysian people's unreserved support to the Korean people's righteous struggle to drive out the US imperialists from south Korea and reunify the country independently and peacefully. The Korean people are grateful to the Malaysian government and people for their deep understanding of and sympathy with our people's struggle for the country's independent, peaceful reunification.

Our people fully support the just revolutionary cause of the Malaysian people.

The peoples of Korea and Malaysia have bitter past. Both of them were forced to lead a life of colonial slavery by the imperialists. The common interests of the two peoples aspiring to anti-imperialism and independence and the community of their position deepen their mutual understanding. The economic relations have already been established between Korea and Malaysia. The cultural interchanges are also developing between the two countries.

It is no doubt that the relations of friendship and cooperation will develop day by day between Korea and Malaysia on the principle of complete equality, independence and mutual benefit.

Song Jong Sik

Just Struggle of Azanian People Will Surely Win

Today the Azanian people greet "the day of freedom of South Africa" (June 26) at a time when they are waging a sacred struggle for freedom and liberation.

On this occasion, the Korean people express militant solidarity with the brave people of Azania.

For centuries the Azanian people had remained an object of cruel oppression and exploitation by the imperialists and colonialists and the White racists, their lackeys. Even today they are subjected to all sorts of contempt and humiliation under "the law on the prohibition of subversive activities", "the law on the maintenance of public peace" and other fascist evil laws enacted by the Vorster racist clique, more than 100 all told.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"Where there are exploitation and oppression, there will always be revolutionary struggle on the part of the people."

Fully aware through their experience of bitter slavery that the only way out is to fight, the Azanian people have risen in the struggle to achieve the liberation of their country and win the right to live. They are inflicting severe blows upon the oppressors through the armed struggle and various other forms of active struggle such as strike, demonstration and revolt. Also, they are steadily strengthening their solidarity with the peoples of Zimbabwe and Namibia on the common front of struggle and more tightly closing the ranks of fighters.

Scared at the victorious advance of the people, the Vorster racists are persistently manoeuvring to put down the liberation struggle of the peoples of Zimbabwe, Namibia and other countries in southern Africa in conspiracy and collaboration with the imperialists and colonialists, while intensifying more and more their ruling system and fascist tyranny. Simultaneously with this, the US and British imperialists and colonialists are giving military and financial aid to the Vorster racist clique in a desperate effort to prevent their lifeline from being cut off in Africa.

By no ruse, however, can they hold in check the just struggle of the Azanian people for freedom, liberation and national independence or save themselves from doom.

The sacred struggle of the African people enjoys the full support and encouragement of the Korean people and other peoples of the third world. The Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States held in Algeria in September last year vividly proved this.

The righteous cause of the Azanian people will certainly triumph and the imperialists, colonialists and racists will meet their final ruin.

Han Dok Yon

Despicable Trickery

According to a foreign news dispatch, Pinochet, the boss of the Chilean military rascals and a fascist element of the blackest dye, told on June 17 a whopping lie that the DPRK had "counterfeit dollars" circulated in Chile.

It is indeed a foul artifice which can be employed by such a gang of roughnecks as the Chilean fascist military junta.

It is clear to everyone that Pinochet's assertion was a sheer fabrication intended to damage the ever-rising international prestige and dignity of the DPRK, evade their responsibility for the social chaos and economic crisis in Chile and divert elsewhere the attention of the Chilean people.

In fact, it is utterly unimaginable that a dignified sovereign state circulates counterfeit foreign bank notes in other countries. We simply ridicule the Chilean military fascist clique who are working to invent a sheer falsehood which is too foolish an argument.

As is generally known, Chile has now turned into a pandemonium of despotism under the sway of terrorism and repression, with social chaos reaching the zenith and the economy thrown into confusion, due to the most ferocious fascist rule of the military blackguards.

Under these circumstances the Chilean people have risen in the struggle against the military gangsters' suppression and tyranny and their just struggle receives unanimous support and encouragement from the progressive world's people including the Korean people.

Disquieted by this, the Chilean military fascist clique have been resorting to all sorts of manoeuvrings in an effort to camouflage their anti-popular nature and prop up their crumbling fascist ruling system at the instigation of the US imperialists and viciously trying to shift the responsibility for their political and economic crisis onto others.

An unscrupulous lie invented by Pinochet in slinging mud at our country is one of their manoeuvrings.

It is a well-known fact that the Chilean military gangsters have been engrossed in the provocative acts against our country. In flagrant violation of international law and usage, they repeatedly threatened the staffers of the DPRK embassy in Santiago and perpetrated such outrageous criminal acts as mobilizing gangsters to ransack the residence of the ambassador.

At the diclation of the US imperialists they fabricated such fraudulent farce as slandering our country.

With no amount of concoction can they impair the ever-mounting international prestige and dignity of our country and cover up their reactionary nature.

The Chilean military fascist clique should be mindful of the possible consequences of their hostile act and bear responsibility for them.

Yun Hae Ik

Intrusion into South Korea by Japanese Monopoly Capital Stepped Up

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The Japanese militarists, dreaming wildly of regaining their old position, are now worming their way into south Korea again and emerging as a dangerous force of aggression with the backing of US imperialism."

The Japanese militarists have plunged their claws of aggression deep into south Korea in all spheres, political, military and cultural, and especially they are adding a fillip to their economic infiltration.

This finds expression in the fact that in recent years the direct investment by the Japanese monopoly capital has increased sharply and their monopolies have made inroads into south Korea on a fuller scale and their control over its economy has been tightened still more under the name of "economic cooperation" and "joint development".

Even according to the data released by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the direct investment by the Japanese monopoly capital in south Korea in the ten years from 1962 to 1971 totalled 65,700,000 dollars. In 1972 alone 80 million dollars were directly invested and the 1973 amount was huge—290 million dollars.

In the aggregate foreign capital investments made in south Korea last year, Japan's share accounted for 93.4 per cent.

The first quarter of this year saw 22,480,000 dollars of foreign investments in south Korea, of which Japan occupied an overwhelming part, its capital investment reaching the mark of 19,800,000 dollars.

The total direct foreign investments in south Korea ran into more than 663 million dollars as of the end of March. Out of this amount, Japan's proportion was roughly 500 million dollars.

Through direct investment the Japanese monopolies are transplanting the "declining industries" and pollution-causing industries extensively into south Korea. The explanation is this. Those industries are now undergoing financial difficulties in Japan owing to the shortage of building sites resulting from soaring land prices, to the deficiency of manpower and to the opposition of the people to pollution. But in south Korea the land price is low, plenty of cheap labour is available and pollution-causing industries can be easily introduced.

As of the end of September last year, the number of Japanese monopoly businesses in south Korea exceeded 600. The Japanese monopolies which flooded into south Korea have seized the key branches of the south Korean economy and are tightening their control over them.

In south Korea the Japanese monopolies have gripped 100 per cent of the sheet glass and aluminium production, 100 per cent of the vinyl chloride industry, 80 per cent of the shipbuilding industry, 80 per cent of the chemical fibre industry, 70 per cent of the electric machinery production, 61 per cent of the steel industry, 50 per cent of the cement industry and 40 per cent of the chemical fertilizer production. They have put under their control the "third industries"—communication, railroad and harbour.

Aside from their penetration into the industrial fields, Japanese monopolies have infiltrated deep into all sectors of the south Korean economy such as agriculture, fisheries, tourist industry and hotel keeping. They already established a "free export zone" in Masan, a city on the South Sea. This zone has virtually turned into a "new-fashioned concession" of theirs, into an area for their exclusive capital investment. Zones of this sort are now attaining dimensions, involving Ryosu, Mokpo, Pohang and other places.

This shows that the Japanese militarists' manoeuvres to incorporate south Korea in their economic sphere have reached an extremely grave stage.

The ever-intensified economic aggression of south Korea by the Japanese militarists in recent years leads to the conclusion that they are scheming to reduce south Korea to their commodity market, a source of cheap labour and raw materials for their interests and a place for their capital investment, and at the same time, seeking to invigorate the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique now on the verge of ruin and egg them onto the confrontation with us so as to hinder Korea's reunification and realize their wild ambition for creation of "two Koreas".

This is but a fantastic dream. The entire Korean people will chop off without fail the talons of aggression of the Japanese militarists, their mortal enemy.

Kim Byong Sam

Fascist Hangmen's Vicious Plot Brought to Light

Since June 15 the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers have been trying at an emergency military tribunal the south Korean students, democrats and two Japanese students whom they arrested and jailed to impose penalties on a false charge of involvement in the faked-up "case of National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy", according to news reports from Seoul.

The patriotic south Korean students' offence: "attempt to overthrow the government" or "violation of the National Security Law and the Anti-Communist Law".

On top of it, they brought in a preposterous indictment against the two Japanese students, on charges that they received instructions from "members of the Japan Communist Party and secret organizers of the Chongryon (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan)" to infiltrate into south Korea and "agitate rebellion".

Meanwhile, the "government"-sponsored propaganda media spread the lie that they "admitted the indictment" and that they "confessed their guilt" at the court.

The process of inquisition, however, clearly shows that the military trial is nothing but a completely fabricated stratagem.

The south Korean patriotic students flatly denied the trumped-up indictment in defiance of the enemy's threat and persecution.

The June 21 issue of the Japanese paper **Asahi Shimbun** reported that during the inquisition at the military court held with closed doors in Seoul on the 19th and 20th Li Chol, Ryu In Tae and all other accused students denied the charge that they "attempted to overturn the government".

Earlier on June 15 and 18, the Japanese students Hayakawa and Tachikawa also totally denied the "indictment" by producing evidence.

As was revealed by the first secretary of the Japanese embassy in Seoul and the families of the Japanese students who were permitted to attend the military tribunal, and as confirmed later, they laid bare the falseness of the "indictment", saying: "We did not receive any instruction from Japan Communist Party members to infiltrate into south Korea. On the contrary we were advised not to visit south Korea" and "we did not receive any instruction from secret organizers of the Chongryon to fan the student movement in south Korea".

As is already known, the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits fabricated the "case of National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" in April and put in jail over 1,000 patriotic students and people and inflicted atrocious torture upon them. 253 of them were court-martialled on charge of violating "Emergency Measures No. 1 and No. 4", the "National Security Law" and the "Anti-Communist Law". And the first batch of the accused, 54 all told, have been brought before the military tribunal.

Nor is this all. They brought democrat Kim Dae Jung to public trial on the charge of having violated the "Election Law". Political, public and religious circles and the press are also the target of their full-scale repression.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen's unheard-of harsh suppression and tyranny against the patriotic people in south Korea aim to bridge over their crisis by stamping out all the elements opposing Pak Jung Hi—teachers, politicians, public figures, journalists and religious men. At the same time it is also designed to perpetuate the national split and realize their wild ambition for long-term office by putting down all the democratic forces in south Korea advocating the country's peaceful reunification.

With no suppression and tyranny, however, can they check the vigorous struggle of the south Korean people against fascism and for democratization and national reunification. On the contrary, it will only provoke hatred and opposition and precipitate their own doom.

Kim Sun

Pak Jung Hi Is in Grip of Crisis, US Magazine Reports

The US magazine "Time" of June 17 carried an article deriding puppet Pak Jung Hi who is in grip of crisis, according to a report from New York.

Noting that his "concern for his personal safety borders on the obsessive", the magazine wrote: "Modern democracy" much vaunted by his clique "has become an Orwellian synonym for despotic one-man rule".

Scoffing at the unrest of puppet Pak Jung Hi isolated within and without, the magazine wrote: "Pak's excessive nervousness is quite apparent to foreign visitors and officials who have attended conferences with him. He constantly crosses and uncrosses his arms and legs, cracks his knuckles and drums ominously on the table when he gets into a bad mood, which is often."

(KCNA)

THE PYONGYANG TIMES. Published every Saturday by the Pyongyang Times. PYONGYANG, Democratic People's Republic of KOREA. Any articles in the Pyongyang Times can be reprinted. Price: 10 *chon*. No. 13014-474134